



# User Guide

# SM-I/O PELV

# Solutions Module for:

- Unidrive SP
- Commander SK

Part Number: 0471-0043-03 Issue: 3



www.controltechniques.com

#### **General Information**

The manufacturer accepts no liability for any consequences resulting from inappropriate, negligent or incorrect installation or adjustment of the optional operating parameters of the equipment or from mismatching the variable speed drive with the motor.

The contents of this guide are believed to be correct at the time of printing. In the interests of a commitment to a policy of continuous development and improvement, the manufacturer reserves the right to change the specification of the product or its performance, or the contents of this guide, without notice.

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#### Drive software version

The SM-I/O PELV can only be used with the following drive software version:

Unidrive SP: $\geq$ V01.07.00Commander SK: $\geq$ V01.06.00

- NOTE When operating with Unidrive SP, the freeze function will be available for all drive software versions after V01.07.00. However, the freeze flag parameter will only be visible when the drive software version is V01.09.00 or later. Not available with Commander SK.
- **NOTE** When operating with Unidrive SP, Pr **x.16** (Disable PELV user power supply trip) will only be available on drive software versions V01.10.00 and later.
- Note When operating with Unidrive SP and drive software version V01.07.xx parameters Pr **x.06** (PELV user power supply state) and Pr **x.51** (Solutions Module Software sub-Version) will not be available.

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## 1 How to use this guide

## 1.1 Intended personnel

This guide is intended for personnel who have the necessary training and experience in system design, installation, commissioning and maintenance.

## 1.2 Information

This guide contains information covering the identification of the Solutions Module, terminal layout for installation, fitting of the Solutions Module to the drive, parameter details and diagnosis information. Additional to the aforementioned are the specifications of the Solutions Module.

# 2 Safety Information

## 2.1 Warnings, Cautions and Notes



A **Warning** contains information, which is essential for avoiding a safety hazard.



A **Caution** contains information, which is necessary for avoiding a risk of damage to the product or other equipment.

NOTE A Note contains information, which helps to ensure correct operation of the product.

## 2.2 Electrical safety - general warning

The voltages used in the drive can cause severe electrical shock and/or burns, and could be lethal. Extreme care is necessary at all times when working with or adjacent to the drive.

Specific warnings are given at the relevant places in this User Guide.

## 2.3 System design and safety of personnel

The drive is intended as a component for professional incorporation into complete equipment or a system. If installed incorrectly, the drive may present a safety hazard.

The drive uses high voltages and currents, carries a high level of stored electrical energy, and is used to control equipment which can cause injury.

Close attention is required to the electrical installation and the system design to avoid hazards either in normal operation or in the event of equipment malfunction. System design, installation, commissioning and maintenance must be carried out by personnel who have the necessary training and experience. They must read this safety information and this User Guide carefully.

The STOP and SECURE DISABLE functions of the drive do not isolate dangerous voltages from the output of the drive or from any external option unit. The supply must be disconnected by an approved electrical isolation device before gaining access to the electrical connections.

# With the sole exception of the SECURE DISABLE function, none of the drive functions must be used to ensure safety of personnel, i.e. they must not be used for safety-related functions.

Note that the SECURE DISABLE function is only available as standard on the Unidrive SP. The Commander SK does not have a SECURE DISABLE input.

Careful consideration must be given to the functions of the drive which might result in a hazard, either through their intended behaviour or through incorrect operation due to a fault. In any application where a malfunction of the drive or its control system could lead to or allow damage, loss or injury, a risk analysis must be carried out, and where necessary, further measures taken to reduce the risk - for example, an over-speed protection device in case of failure of the speed control, or a fail-safe mechanical brake in case of loss of motor braking.

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The SECURE DISABLE function and secure input meet the requirements of EN954-1 category 3 for the prevention of unexpected starting of the drive. They may be used in a safety-related application. The system designer is responsible for ensuring that the complete system is safe and designed correctly according to the relevant safety standards.

## 2.4 Environmental limits

Instructions in the Unidrive SP User Guide, Commander SK Getting Started Guide, Commander SK Technical Data Guide regarding transport, storage, installation and use of the drive must be complied with, including the specified environmental limits. Drives must not be subjected to excessive physical force.

## 2.5 Compliance with regulations

The installer is responsible for complying with all relevant regulations, such as national wiring regulations, accident prevention regulations and electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) regulations. Particular attention must be given to the cross-sectional areas of conductors, the selection of fuses or other protection, and protective earth (ground) connections.

The Unidrive SP User Guide and Commander SK Technical Data Guide contain instructions for achieving compliance with specific EMC standards.

Within the European Union, all machinery in which this product is used must comply with the following directives:

98/37/EC: Safety of machinery.

89/336/EEC: Electromagnetic Compatibility.

## 2.6 Motor

Ensure the motor is installed in accordance with the manufacturer's recommendations. Ensure the motor shaft is not exposed.

Standard squirrel cage induction motors are designed for single speed operation. If it is intended to use the capability of the drive to run a motor at speeds above its designed maximum, it is strongly recommended that the manufacturer is consulted first.

Low speeds may cause the motor to overheat because the cooling fan becomes less effective. The motor should be fitted with a protection thermistor. If necessary, an electric forced vent fan should be used.

The values of the motor parameters set in the drive affect the protection of the motor. The default values in the drive should not be relied upon.

It is essential that the correct value is entered in the motor rated current parameter: Pr **0.46** for Unidrive SP and Pr **06** in Commander SK. This affects the thermal protection of the motor.

## 2.7 Adjusting parameters

Some parameters have a profound effect on the operation of the drive. They must not be altered without careful consideration of the impact on the controlled system. Measures must be taken to prevent unwanted changes due to error or tampering.

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# 3 Introduction

## 3.1 Features

The SM-I/O PELV is designed to meet the I/O requirements of chemical and similar industries. The Solutions Module provides additional galvanic isolation to that within the drive itself. The requirements of PELV (Protective Extra Low Voltage) according to IEC 61800-5-1, and Namur NE37 are met.

All terminals on the SM-I/O PELV have the following provisions for electrical safety:

- Decisive voltage class A according to IEC 61800-5-1, i.e. less than 30Vac r.m.s., 42.4Vac peak, 60Vdc mean.
- Protective separation from live parts, comprising of supplementary insulation in conjunction with the basic insulation of the drive control circuits, suitable for all supply voltages and configurations for which the drive is intended.

The PELV circuit is permitted to be grounded. This connection must be made externally if required.

Note that PELV circuits do not require protection against contact, but this applies only when used within a zone of equipotential bonding. For further guidance on safety requirements and PELV consult the relevant electrical safety code for the region where the Solutions Module will be used.

The SM-I/O PELV can be used on the following products:

- Unidrive SP
- Commander SK

The SM-I/O PELV increases the I/O capability of the drive by adding the following to the existing I/O:

- 2 x Analogue current outputs
- 1 x Analogue input (current/voltage mode)
- 4 x Digital inputs/outputs\*
- 1 x Digital input with optional freeze function\*\*
- 2 x Relays (30Vdc contact rating)



The I/O connections direct to the drive itself have basic (single) insulation from live parts. They do not meet the requirements for PELV.

All connections from the Solutions Module to the drive are made via the drive connector.

Connections from external equipment to the 24V voltage input, relays, digital and analogue I/O are made via a 17-way pluggable screw connector.

On the Unidrive SP a total of three SM-I/O PELV modules can be fitted at any one time. On the Commander SK only one can be fitted.

\*Only three digital outputs are available with Commander SK.

\*\*Freeze function is not available with Commander SK.

#### 3.2 Solutions Module identification Figure 3-1 SM-I/O PELV



The SM-I/O PELV can be identified by:

- 1. The label located on the underside of the Solutions Module.
- 2. The colour coding across the front of the Solutions Module, with the SM-I/O PELV being turquoise blue.



#### 3.2.1 Date code format

The date code is split into two sections: a letter followed by a number.

The letter indicates the year, and the number indicates the week number (within the year) in which the Solutions Module was built.

The letters go in alphabetical order, starting with A in 1990 (B in 1991, C in 1992 etc.).

#### Example:

A date code of L35 would correspond to week 35 of year 2002.

## 3.3 Conventions used in this guide

The configuration of the host drive and Solutions Module is done using menus and parameters. A menu is a logical collection of parameters that have similar functionality.

In the case of a Solutions Module, the parameters will appear in menu 15 for the Commander SK, and in menu 15, 16 or 17 for the Unidrive SP depending on the slot the module is fitted into. The menu is determined by the number before the decimal point.

The method used to determine the menu or parameter is as follows:

- Pr xx.00 signifies any menu and parameter number 00.
- Pr x.XX where x signifies the menu allocated to the Solutions Module (this could be 15, 16 or 17 on the Unidrive SP but will always be 15 on the Commander SK) and XX signifies the parameter number.

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#### Solutions Module I/O 3.4

Solution Module I/O only operates in positive logic mode. NOTE

NOTE All I/O and relays are user programmable for function and signal processing.

NOTE All new source and destination routing only changes to new set up locations when the drive is reset

By default, the digital inputs/outputs on the Solutions Module are configured to operate NOTE as inputs, except Digital I/O 4 which is configured as an output (input only for Commander SK).

#### 3.5 Digital I/O

All digital I/O complies with IEC 61131-2, clause 3.3.1 type 1, (i.e. >2mA @ +15Vdc). For type 2 input, the user will need to add extra load externally.

Function	Quantity
Digital inputs	1 (2 on Commander SK)

One terminal forms a dedicated digital input (2 on Commander SK); the functionality of this input is as follows:

- The logic state of the input is monitored by a RO parameter ٠
- The logic state can be inverted
- The digital input can be programmed to any unprotected parameter. The destination parameter value will always be either 0 or 1 depending on the state of the input.
- The digital input may be programmed to provide a freeze signal to the drive\* \*Freeze function is not available with Commander SK.

Function	Quantity
Programmable digital inputs / outputs	4**

Four terminals are programmable as either digital inputs or outputs, the functionality of these terminals is as follows:

#### Input

- The logic state of each input is monitored by a RO parameter •
- The logic state can be inverted •
- The digital input can be programmed to any unprotected parameter. The destination parameter value will always be either 0 or 1 depending on the state of the input

#### Output

- The logic state of each output is monitored by a RO parameter
- The logic state can be inverted
- The digital outputs can be sourced from any parameter.

In the case where an integer parameter is used as the source, the threshold of the output switching between low and high states is 50% of the parameter's maximum.

E.g. Source parameter = Pr 18.11 (maximum = 32767) 50% of 32767 = 16383 (due to integer truncation)

Therefore, if Pr  $18.11 \ge 16383$  the output will be high if Pr 18.11 < 16383 the output will be low

The digital outputs can only source current

 The four digital outputs of a Solutions Module (three digital outputs with Commander SK) are able to source 40 mA to the total combination of output channels (e.g. 4 x 10mA or 1 x 40mA). When the current drawn exceeds safe limits, all the outputs will be disabled through hardware and trip the drive to alert the user to the fault condition.

\*\*Only three digital outputs are available with Commander SK.

## 3.6 Analogue I/O

Function	Quantity
Unipolar current input/Bipolar voltage input	1

Two terminals form a combined voltage, or unipolar current, analogue input port. The function of this input is as follows:

- A scaling factor can be applied to the analogue input signal
- The analogue input signal can be inverted
- The analogue input can be programmed to any suitable unprotected destination
   parameter
- The input operates in one of the following modes as set in Pr x.38: 0-20, 20-0, 4-20.tr, 20-4.tr, 4-20 and 20-4, VOLt (Pr x.38: 0-20, 20-0, 4-20, 20-4, 4-.20, 20-.4, VoLt on Commander SK).
- When the input current is <3.0mA in 4-20.tr or 20-4.tr mode (4-20 or 20-4 with Commander SK), the drive will initiate an SLX.Er / SL.Er trip. See Chapter 6 *Diagnostics* for details.

Function	Quantity
Unipolar current output	2

Two terminals have a dedicated analogue output with the following functions:

- The output can be used to convey the value of any valid source parameter to external equipment\*.
- The output operates in one of the following modes as set in Pr x.39: 0-20, 20-0, 4-20 and 20-4.
- A scaling factor can be applied to the analogue output signal\*
- \*Only available on analogue output 1 with Commander SK.

## 3.7 Relays

Function	Quantity
Number of relays	2

The relays can be used to convey the logic state of any suitable parameter to external equipment. The logic state is processed as follows:

- Any source parameter is assigned to each relay.
- The logic state can be inverted.
- The software state of the coil is monitored by a parameter.

## 3.8 PELV user power supply

A suitable supply of nominally 24V must be provided to drive the PELV circuits. The supply isolation must meet the PELV requirement.

The PELV user power supply must be a UL Class 2 power supply or a limited voltage, limited current power supply (LVLC).

## Installing the Solutions Module



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Before installing the Solutions Module, refer to Chapter 2 Safety Information on page 5.



Do not remove the Solutions Module when the drive is powered-up. This could damage the drive and/or the Solutions Module.

## 4.1 Installation

#### 4.1.1 Unidrive SP

Three Solutions Module slots are available on Unidrive SP. The Solutions Module can be plugged into any of these slots but it is recommended that slot 3 be used for the first Solutions Module, then slot 2 and then slot 1. This ensures the maximum mechanical support for the Solutions Module once fitted. See Figure 4-2.







- 1. Before installing a Solutions Module in any drive, ensure the AC supply has been disconnected for at least 10 minutes.
- 2. Ensure that any +24V and low voltage DC power supplies (if used) have been disconnected from the drive.
- 3. Check that the exterior of the Solutions Module is not damaged and the multiway connector on the underside of the module is free from dirt and debris.
- 4. Do not install a damaged or dirty Solutions Module in the drive.
- 5. Remove the terminal cover from the drive as shown in Figure 4-1.
- Position the drive connector of the Solutions Module over the appropriate connector of the drive. Push the Solutions Module towards the rear of the drive until it locks into place. Make the +24V PELV user power supply connections to the Solutions Module and any other wiring connections as appropriate.

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To maintain PELV isolation integrity it is important to ensure the correct 17 way connector is inserted into the Solutions Module.

SM-I/O PELV connections should be made using the high visibility yellow connector provided.

- 7. Re-fit the terminal cover to the drive by reversing the procedure shown in Figure 4-1.
- Switch on the +24V PELV user power supply (refer to section 3.8 PELV user power supply on page 10)
- 9. Connect the AC supply or low voltage DC supply (if used) to the drive.
- 10. When a Solutions Module is fitted to a Unidrive SP for the first time, as the drive is powered-up, the drive will trip on SL1.dF or SL2.dF or SL3.dF depending on which slot the Solutions Module is fitted to. A parameter save must be performed. Set Pr xx.00 = 1000 (or 1001 in the case of solely using the 24V back-up power supply) and press the Stop/Reset button. If a parameter save is not performed, the drive will trip on the above trips the next time the drive is powered up.
- Note When using the 24V back-up power supply only, the SLx.dF trip will not occur (as the drive is already displaying a UU trip).
- **NOTE** When fitting two or more Solutions Modules simultaneously, the SLx.dF trip is only applicable to the module fitted in the lowest numerical slot.
- **NOTE** If an SLx.dF trip is not seen after the first power-up, the Solutions Module is not fitted properly to the drive. Power down the drive, remove and re-fit the Solutions Module. Then power can be re-applied to the drive.
  - 11. To access the advanced parameters refer to the Unidrive SP User Guide.
  - 12. Check that Menu 15 (slot 1), 16 (slot 2), or 17 (slot 3) parameters are now available (depending on which slot is used).
  - 13. Check that Pr 15.01, Pr 16.01 or Pr 17.01 shows the correct code for the SM-I/O PELV: 204.
  - 14. Power the drive down and back up. The Solutions Module is now ready for programming.
- **NOTE** If the SM-I/O PELV is changed for another type of Solutions Module, the drive will trip as in step 10. Follow the above procedure.
  - 15. If the checks in steps 12 and 13 fail, either the Solutions Module is not fully inserted, or it is faulty.
  - 16. If a trip code is now present refer to Chapter 6 Diagnostics on page 34.

#### 4.1.2 Commander SK

One Solutions Module slot is available on Commander SK. See Figure 4-4.



To allow a Solutions Module to be fitted to Commander SK, a protective cover must be removed to allow access to the PCB edge connector (see Figure 4-3). This protective cover provides protection from direct contact of the PCB edge connector by the user. When this cover is removed and Solutions Module fitted, the Solutions Module provides the protection from direct contact by the user. If the Solutions Module is then removed, this PCB edge connector becomes exposed. The user is required to provide protection in this case.

# Figure 4-3 Removing the Commander SK terminal cover



Figure 4-4 Fitting and removing a Solutions

Module into the Commander SK

- 1. Before installing a Solutions Module in any drive, ensure the AC supply has been disconnected for at least 10 minutes.
- 2. Check that the exterior of the Solutions Module is not damaged and the multiway connector on the underside of the module is free from dirt and debris.
- 3. Do not install a damaged or dirty Solutions Module in the drive.
- 4. Remove the terminal cover from the drive as shown in Figure 4-3.
- 5. Ensure that the plastic tab which covers the drive's Solutions Module connector is removed before fitting any option. See Figure 4-4. Position the drive connector of the Solutions Module over the appropriate connector of the drive. Push the Solutions Module towards the rear of the drive until it locks into place. Make the +24V PELV user power supply connections to the Solutions Module and any other wiring connections as appropriate.



To maintain PELV isolation integrity it is important to ensure the correct 17 way connector is inserted into the Solutions Module.

SM-I/O PELV connections should be made using the high visibility yellow connector provided.

- 6. Re-fit the terminal cover to the drive by reversing the procedure shown in Figure 4-3.
- Switch on the +24V PELV user power supply (refer to section 3.8 PELV user power supply on page 10)
- 8. Connect the AC supply to the drive.
- 10. When a Solutions Module is fitted to a Commander SK for the first time, as the drive is powered-up, the drive will trip on SL.dF.

Press the STOP/RESET button to clear the trip

The Commander SK automatically saves the Solutions Module identity details to memory which will avoid any future SL.dF trips.

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- 11. To access the advanced parameters refer to the *Commander SK Getting Started Guide*.
- **NOTE** If an SL.dF trip is not seen after the first power-up, the Solutions Module is not fitted properly to the drive. Power down the drive, remove and re-fit the Solutions Module. Then power can be re-applied to the drive.
  - 12. Check that Menu 15 parameters are now available.
  - 13. Check that Pr 15.01 shows the correct code for the SM-I/O PELV: 204.
  - 14. Power the drive down and back up. The Solutions Module is now ready for programming.
- **NOTE** If the SM-I/O PELV is changed for another type of Solutions Module, the drive will trip as in step 10. Follow the above procedure.
  - 15. If the checks in steps 12 and 13 fail, either the Solutions Module is not fully inserted, or it is faulty.
  - 16. If a trip code is now present refer to Chapter 6 Diagnostics on page 34.

## 4.2 Terminal descriptions

Figure 4-5 SM-I/O PELV terminals



Provide fuse or other over-current protection in the relay circuit.

#### Table 4-1 Terminal descriptions

Term	Function
1	0V common
2	+24V input
3	Digital I/O 1
4	Digital I/O 2
5	Digital I/O 3
6	Digital I/O 4*
7	Digital input 5/Freeze input**
8	Analogue input 1 non-inverting input/V <sub>in</sub>
9	Analogue input 1 inverting input (current mode only)
10	Analogue output 1
11	0V common
12	Analogue output 2
13	0V common
14	Relay 1 contact 1
15	Relay 1 contact 2
16	Relay 2 contact 1
17	Relay 2 contact 2

17-way 3.81mm pluggable screw connector.

\*Digital input only with Commander SK

\*\*Freeze input not available with Commander SK

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## 4.3 Wiring, shield connections

The Solutions Module terminals are double insulated from live parts, therefore eliminating the need for additional protection from human contact. To maintain this level of safety, any external circuits connected to the SM-I/O PELV must also meet PELV requirements as highlighted in section 3.1 *Features* on page 7.

To highlight PELV wiring, connections to the SM-I/O PELV Solutions Module should be made using the high visibility yellow connector provided.

To prevent noise being induced onto any of the analogue inputs or outputs it is advisable to use a twisted pair cable shielded with overall shield.

If used, the shield connections should be terminated at one of the zero volts terminals on the Solutions Module and to the zero volts of the signal source if available. The termination of the shield should be kept as short as possible to prevent any noise being induced at this point.





Figure 4-7 Shield connections (voltage mode)



# 5 Parameters

## 5.1 Introduction

The parameters listed in this chapter are used for programming and monitoring the SM-I/O PELV.

## 5.1.1 Parameter update times

The SM-IO PELV is an intelligent Solutions Module. The update times for the parameters are defined by the drive type in use. The following apply only when the Solutions Module is used with a Unidrive SP:

Parameters shown as "Background" are updated at least once every 30ms.

When the digital inputs or the analogue input are the source for a parameter outside the Solutions Module menu, the data is written to the destination parameter every 4ms.

If the analogue input destination Pr **x.43** is set such that data is passed to preset speed 1 (Pr **1.21**), whilst preset speed 1 is selected as the speed reference, and if the drive is in closed-loop vector or servo mode, then the speed reference is updated every  $500\mu$ s.

If the analogue input destination Pr **x.43** is set such that data is passed to the hard speed reference (Pr **3.22**), whilst the hard speed reference is selected, and if the drive is in closed-loop vector or servo mode, then the hard speed reference is updated every  $500\mu s$ .

If the analogue input destination Pr **x.43** is set such that data is passed to the torque reference (Pr **4.08**), whilst the drive is in closed-loop vector or servo mode, then the torque reference is updated every  $500\mu s$ .

If the destination parameter for any of the digital inputs on the module are set to Pr **x.42**, and the analogue input is being used to control a torque or speed reference as described above, the invert function operates within 500 $\mu$ s of any changes of the digital input state.

The following apply only when the Solutions Module is used with a Commander SK:

The module has two parameter update times; background and fast update. The actual update times for the two types of parameter are dependent upon the number of I/O used (i.e. that are mapped to a valid source or destination) on the module.

The update rate for fast update parameters can be calculated with the following expression:

 $t_{FU}(ms)$  = ((Number of I/O used) + 2 ) \* 2ms

The update time for background level parameters can be calculated with the following expression:

 $t_{BU}(ms) = t_{FU} * 34$ 

Only source and destination parameters that are routed to a valid parameter are updated at the fast rate.

Number of I/O source/ destinations active	Fast Update Time (ms)	Background Update Time (ms)
1	6	204
2	8	272
3	10	340
4	12	408
5	14	476
6	16	544
7	18	612
8	20	680
9	22	748
10	24	816

- **NOTE** The analogue output 2 source is always active (set to Pr **4.02**), therefore the minimum fast update time with any other I/O active will be 8ms. The background update time will be a minimum of 272ms.
- NOTE
   On the Unidrive SP, the "x" in the parameter number (e.g. Pr x.01), is either Menu 15 (slot 1), 16 (slot 2) or 17 (slot 3) depending on which slot is used.

   On Commander SK the "x" in the parameter number is Menu 15.



Before attempting to adjust any parameters, refer to Chapter 2 *Safety Information* on page 5.

#### Table 5-1 Key to parameter coding

Coding	Attribute
RW	Read/write: can be written by the user
RO	Read only: can only be read by the user
Bit	1 bit parameter
Bi	Bipolar parameter
Uni	Unipolar parameter
Txt	Text: the parameter uses text strings instead of numbers.
FI	Filtered: some parameters which can have rapidly changing values are filtered when displayed on the drive keypad for easy viewing.
DE	Destination: indicates that this parameter can be a destination parameter.
RA	Rating dependant: this parameter is likely to have different values and ranges with drives of different voltage and current ratings. These parameters are not transferred by SMARTCARDS / SmartSticks when the rating of the destination drive is different from the source drive.
NC	Not cloned: not transferred to or from SMARTCARDS / SmartSticks during cloning.
PT	Protected: cannot be used as a destination.
US	User save: saved in drive EEPROM when the user initiates a parameter save.
PS	Power-down save: automatically saved in drive EEPROM at power-down.

#### Single line descriptions 5.2

5.2	Single line descript	tions								공
	Parameter	Range(\$)	Default(⇔)			Ty	pe			w to
x.01	Solutions Module ID	0 to 599	204	RO	Uni			PT	US	use
x.02	Solutions Module Main Software Version	0.00 to 99.99		RO	Uni		NC	PT		thi
x.03	T5 digital I/O 3 state	OFF (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit		NC	PT		sgi
x.04	T6 digital I/O 4 state**	OFF (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit		NC	PT		Jide
x.05	T7 digital input 5 state/freeze input****	OFF (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit		NC	PT		
x.06	PELV user power supply state	OFF (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit		NC	PT		S
x.07	Relay 1 state	OFF (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit		NC	PT		afe
x.08	Relay 2 state	OFF (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit		NC	PT		ty Ir
x.09	T3 digital I/O 1 state	OFF (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit		NC	PT		nfor
x.10	14 digital I/O 2 state	OFF (0) or On (1)		RO	Bit		NC	Ы		mat
x.11	13 digital I/O 1 invert	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	RW	Bit				US	tion
x.12	14 digital I/O 2 invert	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	RW	Bit				US	
x.13	15 digital I/O 3 invert	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	RW	Bit				US	
x.14	16 digital I/O 4 invert**	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	RW	Bit				US	
x.15	Edge Select****	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	RW	Bit				US	Introc
x.16*	Disable PELV user power supply trip	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	RW	Bit				US	fuct
x.17	Relay 1 invert	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	RW	Bit				US	ion
x.18	Relay 2 invert	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	RW	Bit				US	
x.19*	Freeze Flag	OFF (0) or On (1)		RW	Bit					
x.20	Digital I/O read word	0 to 255		RO	Uni		NC	PT		n,
x.21	T3 digital I/O 1 source/destination	Pr 0.00 to Pr 21.51	Pr <b>0.00</b>	RW	Uni	DE			US	itall
x.22	T4 digital I/O 2 source/destination	Pr 0.00 to Pr 21.51	Pr 0.00	RW	Uni	DE			US	Mg
x.23	15 digital I/O 3 source/destination	Pr 0.00 to Pr 21.51	Pr 0.00	RW	Uni	DE			US	od the
x.24	16 digital I/O 4 source/destination***	Pr 0.00 to Pr 21.51	Pr 0.00	RW	Uni	DE			US	lle So
x.25	17 digital input 5 destination	Pr 0.00 to Pr 21.51	Pr 0.00	RW	Uni	DE			US	lutio
X.26	Not used	Dr 0.00 to Dr 04 54	D= 0.00		1 lm					sno
X.27	Relay 1 source	Pr 0.00 to Pr 21.51	Pr 0.00	RW	Uni				05	
X.28	Relay 2 source	PF 0.00 to PF 21.51	Pr 0.00	RW					05	
X.29	Not used		011(1)	RVV	DIL				03	Pa
X.30	T2 digital I/O 1 output salest	OEE (0) or Op (1)		D\//	Dit				110	ram
X.31	T4 digital I/O 2 output select	OFF (0) of On (1)	OFF (0)	DW/	Bit				119	nete
× 32	T5 digital I/O 3 output select	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	DW/	Bit				119	S
x 34	Not used		011 (0)	1	Dit				00	
x 35	Not used									
x 36	Not used									
x 37	Not used		-							
x.38	Analogue input 1 mode	0-20, 20-0, 4-20.tr (4-20), 20-4.tr (20-4), 4-20 (4- .20), 20-4 (204), VOLt (VoLt)	0-20	RW	Uni				US	iagnostics
x.39	Analogue output mode	0-20, 20-0, 4-20, 20-4	0-20	RW	Uni				US	
x.40	Analogue input 1 level	0.0 to 100.0%		RO	Uni		NC	PT		
x.41	Analogue input 1 scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Uni				US	ferr
x.42	Analogue input 1 invert	OFF (0) or On (1)	OFF (0)	RW	Bit				US	nina
x.43	Analogue input 1 destination	Pr 0.00 to Pr 21.51	Pr <b>0.00</b>	RW	Uni	DE			US	s s
x.44	Not used									Dec
x.45*	Analogue output 2 scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Uni				US	ifica
x.46	Not used						ation			
x.47*	Analogue output 2 source	Pr 0.00 to Pr 21.51 Pr 0.00 RW Uni			US					
x.48	Analogue output 1 source	utput 1 source Pr 0.00 to Pr 21.51 Pr 0.00		RW	Uni				US	
x.49	Analogue output 1 scaling	0.000 to 4.000	1.000	RW	Uni				US	
x.50	Solutions Module error status	0 to 255		RO	Uni		NC	PT		
x.51	Solutions Module software sub-version	0 to 99		RO	Uni		NC	PT		
	<ul> <li>Parameter not available with</li> </ul>	h Commander SK								

Digital input only with Commander SK \*\*\* Destination only with Commander SK

\*\*\*\* Freeze input not available with Commander SK

## 5.3 Logic diagrams Figure 5-1 Digital I/O logic diagram (Unidrive SP only)







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#### Figure 5-3 Digital input logic diagram





**NOTE** The performance of the freeze input is highly dependent upon the quality of the signal driving it. If negative edge triggering is used then care should be taken to ensure that the input is actively pulled low via low impedance. If positive edge triggering is used then care should be taken to ensure that the input is actively pulled high, or pulled high via a suitably low pull-up resistance.

#### Figure 5-4 Relay logic diagram



Figure 5-5 Analogue input logic diagram (current mode)







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#### Figure 5-8 Analogue output logic diagram (Commander SK only)

## 5.4 Parameter descriptions

x.(	)1	Optio	n ID co	ode					
RO	Uni						PT	US	
¢	0 to 599				Ŷ				
Update rate: Write on power-up									

On Unidrive SP the menu for the relevant slot appears for the new Solutions Module category with the default parameter values for the new category. For Commander SK it will always be menu 15.

When no Solutions Module is fitted in the relevant slot this parameter is zero. When a Solutions Module is fitted this parameter displays the identification code as shown below.

Codo	Solutions Modulo	Catagory	Dumb	Comp	atibility
Coue	Solutions module	Category	module	Uni SP	Comm SK
0	No Solutions Module fitted				
101	SM-Resolver		~	~	
102	SM-Universal Encoder Plus	Feedback		~	
104	SM-Encoder Plus		~	~	
201	SM-I/O Plus		~	~	
203	SM-I/O Timer			~	~
204	SM-I/O PELV			~	~
205	SM-I/O 24V Protected			~	~
206	SM-I/O 120V	Automation		✓	√
207	SM-I/O Lite			✓	✓
301	SM-Applications			✓	
302	SM-Application Lite			✓	
303	SM-EZMotion			✓	
401	reserved			✓	
402	reserved			~	
403	SM-Profibus DP			~	~
404	SM-Interbus			~	~
405	reserved	Fieldhue		~	
406	SM-CAN	Fieldbus		~	
407	SM-DeviceNet			~	~
408	SM-CANopen			~	~
409	SM-SERCOS			~	
410	SM-Ethernet			~	√
501	SM-SLM	Feedback		~	

#### **Unidrive SP**

The new parameter values are not stored in the drive EEPROM until the user performs a parameter save by setting Pr **xx.00** to 1000 (or 1001 in the case of solely using the 24V back-up power supply) and pressing the stop/reset button. When parameters are saved by the user in the drive EEPROM, the option code of the currently fitted Solutions Module is saved in the drive EEPROM. If the drive is subsequently powered-up with a different Solutions Module fitted, or no Solutions Module is fitted when one was previously fitted, the drive will trip on SLx.dF or SLx.nF.

#### Commander SK

The new parameter values are stored automatically by the drive. If the drive is subsequently powered up with a different Solutions Module fitted, or no Solutions Module is fitted when one was previously fitted, the drive will trip on SL.dF or SL.nF.

x.0	)2	Soluti	ons M	odule i	maiı	1 so	ftware	versio	n			
RO	Uni		NC PT									
¢		00.00 t	0 99.99	9	Û							
Update rate: Write on power-up												

This module contains two processors, and thus two software versions. Pr **x.02** shows the version number of the main module processor. Pr **x.51**, which is normally used to give a sub-version number, shows the software version in the slave processor, which operates on the PELV side of the isolation barrier.

x.0	13	T5 dig	T5 digital I/O 3 state										
x.0	)4	T6 dig	6 digital I/O 4 state*										
x.0	)5	T7 digital input 5 state/freeze input**											
RO	Bit						NC	PT					
€													
Update rate: 4ms write													

\*Digital output 4 is not available with Commander SK.

\*\*Freeze input is not available with Commander SK.

These parameters indicate the input and output states of the terminals.

**NOTE** The update rates stated are when used with Unidrive SP.

x.0	6	PELV	user p	ower s	upply	state						
RO	Bit	t NC PT										
ţ	(); OFF (0) or On (1) ⇒											
Update	Update rate: 4ms write											

The status of the PELV user power supply is shown in this parameter.

x.0	x.07 Relay 1 state										
x.0	8	Relay 2 state									
x.0	9	T3 dig	Γ3 digital I/O 1 state								
x.1	0	T4 dig	jital I/C	) 2 stat	е						
RO	Bit						NC	PT			
Update	date rate: 4ms write										

These parameters indicate the input and output states of the terminals.

x.11 T3 digital I/O 1 invert										
x.12 T4 digital I/O 2 invert										
x.13 T5 digital I/O 3 invert										
x.14 T6 digital I/O 4 invert*										
x.1	5	T7 dig	jital in	put 5 ir	iver	t				
RW	Bit							US		
Update	Update rate: 4ms read									

\*Digital output 4 is not available with Commander SK.

Setting these parameters to On(1) causes the input sense to the destination parameter to be inverted or the output sense from the source to be inverted.

NOTE

When digital input 5 is used to provide a freeze function, the invert Pr **x.15** will select whether the freeze is applied on the rising (Pr **x.15** = Off) or the falling edge (Pr **x.15** = On) of the input signal (not available on Commander SK).

x.1	6*	Disable PELV user power supply trip									
RW	Bit	US									
Û	0	FF (0)	or On (	1)	仓		OFF (	0)			
Update	Update rate: Background read										

#### \*Parameter not available with Commander SK.

On Unidrive SP this parameter is only available on drive software V01.10.00 and later.

#### With Pr x.16 = OFF

The PELV user power supply absent trip is intended to detect when the PELV user supply connected to the module is below 19V. During power-up the PELV user supply may not be present until after the main drive supply. To avoid unwanted trips in this situation, the PELV user power supply present trip detection system is disabled until the supply has become active the first time. Therefore if the supply is applied and then removed a trip is initiated. The trip is also initiated at any time after drive power-up if the supply is not present and the drive becomes active (i.e. Pr **10.02** is one). This condition prevents the drive from operating if the PELV user supply is not present. The status of the PELV user supply can be monitored from parameter Pr **x.06** (Off (0) =inactive, On (1) =active).

#### With Pr x.16 = On

The state of the PELV user power supply will never trip the drive. The drive can be enabled without the PELV user power supply present but all of the module IO will be inoperable. Digital and analogue inputs will read zero. Digital outputs will be in their inactive state and analogue outputs will be at 0mA.

x.17		Relay	1 inve	rt								
<b>x.</b> 1	8	Relay 2 invert										
RW	Bit								US			
€	0	FF (0)	(0) or On (1) ⇒ OFF (0)									
Undate	rate <sup>.</sup> 4	e: 4ms read										

Setting these parameters to On (1) causes the output sense from the source to be inverted.

x.1	9*	Freez	e flag					
RW	Bit							
¢	0	FF (0)	or On (	1)	₽			
Update	rate: S	see bel	wc					

#### \*Parameter not available with Commander SK.

The freeze input function is enabled for DI5 if the destination parameter for this input (Pr **x.25**) is set to Pr **x.19**. Each time the input becomes active (or inactive if the invert Pr **x.15** is on) the freeze flag (Pr **x.19**) is set, the freeze system in the drive is triggered and held active.

Pr **x.19** is updated within 500 $\mu$ s of the change on the freeze input, and the freeze event is registered with the drive after 500 $\mu$ s with a latency of 10 $\mu$ s. The freeze flag is not automatically cleared when DI5 reverts to its original state. Another freeze event cannot be registered by the drive until all freeze flags are cleared. If any other I/O destination is set to write to Pr **x.19**, the parameter value simply follows the data from the I/O and no freeze events are produced. If this parameter is set by the user, it will not cause a freeze event even if it is the destination for DI5.

A minimum of  $500\mu$ s must pass between consecutive freeze inputs. If a freeze input should occur less than  $500\mu$ s after the previous one, the second will be ignored and have no effect on the drive.

x.2	20	Digita	l I/O re	ad wo	rd						
RO	Uni	NC PT US									
ţ	0 to 255 ⇔										
Update	rate:	500μs \	vrite								

This word is used to determine the status of the digital I/O by reading one parameter. The bits in this word reflect the state of Pr **x.03** to Pr **x.10**.

Bit	Digital I/O	Parameter	Bit Update Rate Input/Output*
0	T3 (Digital I/O 1)	Pr <b>x.09</b>	500µs / 4ms
1	T4 (Digital I/O 2)	Pr <b>x.10</b>	500µs / 4ms
2	T5 (Digital I/O 3)	Pr <b>x.03</b>	500µs / 4ms
3	T6 (Digital I/O 4)**	Pr <b>x.04</b>	500µs / 4ms
4	T7 (Digital input 5)	Pr <b>x.05</b>	500μs / -
5	T2 (PELV user power supply state)	Pr <b>x.06</b>	500μs / -
6	T14 / T15 (Digital output 7 relay)	Pr <b>x.07</b>	- / 4ms
7	T16 / T17 (Digital output 8 relay)	Pr <b>x.08</b>	- / 4ms

\*Update rates when used with Unidrive SP.

\*\*Digital input 4 state only with Commander SK.

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x.2	x.21 T3 digital I/O 1 source/destination										
x.2	x.22 T4 digital I/O 2 source/destination										
x.2	3	T5 digital I/O 3 source/destination									
x.2	x.24 T6 digital I/O 4 source/destination*										
x.2	25	T7 dig	ital in	put 5 d	esti	nati	on				
RW	Uni		DE						US		
€	0.00 to Pr 21.51         □         Pr 0.00										
Update	pdate rate: Read on drive reset										

\*Digital input 4 destination only with Commander SK.

Source parameters define the parameter to be represented by the digital output terminal.

Destination parameters define the parameter each of the programmable inputs is to control.

x.2	x.27 Relay 1 source											
x.2	28	Relay	2 sou	rce								
RW	Uni		US									
ţ	Pr	0.00 to	) Pr <b>21</b> .	.51	Û		Pr <b>0.0</b>	0				
Update rate: Read on drive reset												

Source parameters define the parameter to be represented by the digital output terminal.

x.2	9*	T6 dig	jital I/C	) 4 out	put sele	ect						
RW	Bit		US									
ţ	0	FF (0)	or On (	1)	合		On (1	)				
Update rate: Background read												

\*Parameter not available with Commander SK (T6 is a digital input only).

This parameter selects the function of terminal T6 as follows:

OFF (0) = digital input

On (1) = digital output

x.3	81	T3 dig	T3 digital I/O 1 output select									
x.3	) 2 out	out	sele	ct								
x.3	33	T5 dig	T5 digital I/O 3 output select									
RW	Bit								US			
ţ	0	OFF (0) or On (1) ⇒ OFF (0)										
Update rate: Background read												

These parameters select the function of terminals T3 to T5 as follows:

OFF (0) = digital input

On (1) = digital output

x.3	88	Analo	Analogue input 1 mode									
RW	Uni								US			
€	0-20, 20-4 .20),	20-0, 4 tr (20- 20-4 (2 (Vo	-20.tr ( 4), 4-2 204), oLt)	4-20), 0 (4- VOLt	Ŷ			0-20				
Update rate: Background read												

Mode Comments Parameter Parameter string value SP SK 0-20 0-20 0-20mA 0 20-0 20-0 20-0mA 1 2 4-20.tr 4-20 4-20mA with trip on loss Trip 2 if I < 3.0mA 3 20-4.tr 20-4 20-4mA with trip on loss Trip 2 if I < 3.0mA 4 4-20 4-.20 4-20mA with no trip on loss 5 20-4 20-.4 20-4mA with no trip on loss 6 VOLt ±10V VoLt

x.3	39	Analo	gue o	utput n	nod	е				
RW	Uni					-			US	
ţ										
Update	Update rate: Background read									

This parameter sets the output mode for terminals 10 and 12 as follows:

Parameter value	Parameter string	Mode
0	0-20	0-20mA
1	20-0	20-0mA
2	4-20	4-20mA
3	20-4	20-4mA
4*	VoLt	Not useable

\*Only with Commander SK and not useable.

<b>x.</b> 4	10	Analo	Analogue input 1 level										
RO	Bi						NC	PT					
€ 0.0 to 100.0%													
Undato	Indate rate: Ame write												

Update rate: 4ms write

This parameter displays the level of the analogue signal present at analogue input 1.

x.4	x.41 Analogue input 1 s									
RW	Uni								US	
€		0 to 4.000						1.000	)	
Update	Jpdate rate: Background read									

This parameter is used to scale the analogue input if so desired.

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x.4	2	Analo	gue in	put 1 i	nvert			
RW	Bit						US	
ţ	0	FF (0)	or On (	1)	合	OFF (	0)	
Update	rate: E	Backgro						

This parameter can be used to invert the analogue input reference (i.e. multiply the input scaling result by -1).

<b>x.</b> 4	3	Analo	gue in	put 1 c	lestinat	ion							
RW	Uni		DEUUS										
€	Pr	<b>0.00</b> to	) Pr <b>21</b> .	.51	合	Р	r <b>0.00</b>						
Update	Update rate: Read on reset												

Only unprotected parameters can be controlled by analogue inputs. If a non valid parameter is programmed to the destination, the input is not routed anywhere.

x.4	5*	Analo	gue ou	utput 2	scali	ng						
RW	Uni		US									
$\hat{\mathbf{x}}$		0.000 to 4.000					1.000	)				
Update rate: Background read												

#### \*Parameter not available with Commander SK.

This parameter can be used to scale the analogue output if so desired.

x.4	7*	Analo	gue oı	utput 2	source				
RW	Uni							US	
ţ	Pr	0.00 to	) Pr <b>21</b> .	.51	Û		Pr <b>0.0</b>	0	
Update	Update rate: Read on reset								

# \*Parameter not available with Commander SK (Analogue output 2 is a load output only [Pr 4.02]).

The parameter required to be represented as an analogue signal by the analogue output on terminal 12, should be programmed into this parameter.

<b>x.</b> 4	8	Analo	gue ou	utput 1	sour	ce			
RW	Uni							US	
€	Pr	0.00 to	) Pr <b>21</b> .	.51	Û		Pr <b>0.0</b>	0	
Update	rate: F	Read or	n reset						

The parameter required to be represented as an analogue signal by the analogue output on terminal 10, should be programmed into this parameter.

x.4	9	Analo	gue ou	utput 1	sca	aling	I			
RW	Uni								US	
ţ		0.000 te	o 4.000	)	仓			1.000	)	
Update	rate: E	Backgro	und re	ad						

This parameter can be used to scale the analogue output if so desired.

x.5	50	Soluti	ons M	odule	erro	or sta	atus		
RO	Uni						NC	PT	
€		0 to	255		ſ				
Update	rate: B	ackgro	und re	ad					

The error status is provided so that only one option error trip is required for each Solutions Module slot. If an error occurs, the reason for the error is written to this parameter and the drive may produce a 'SLx.Er' trip, where x is the slot number (SL.Er on Commander SK). A value of zero indicates that the Solutions Module has not detected an error, a non-zero value indicates that an error has been detected. (See Chapter 6 *Diagnostics* for the meaning of the values in this parameter.) When the drive is reset, this parameter is cleared for the relevant Solutions Module.

This Solutions Module includes a temperature monitoring circuit. If the PCB temperature exceeds  $90^{\circ}$ C, the drive fan is forced to operate at full speed (for a minimum of 10s). If the temperature falls below  $90^{\circ}$ C, the fan can operate normally again. If the PCB temperature exceeds  $100^{\circ}$ C, the drive is tripped and the error status is set to 74.

**NOTE** If the PCB temperature exceeds 90°C on the Commander SK, the fan will operate at full speed for a minimum of 20s.

x.5	51	Soluti	ons M	odule	soft	ware	e sub-v	version	
RO	Uni						NC	PT	
ţ		0 to	99		ſ				
Update	rate: V	Vrite on	power	r-up					

This module contains two processors, and thus two software versions. Pr **x.02** shows the version number of the main module processor. Pr **x.51**, which is normally used to give a sub-version number, shows the software version in the slave processor, which operates on the PELV side of the isolation barrier.

#### 6 **Diagnostics**

If the drive trips, the output is disabled so that the drive stops controlling the motor. The display indicates that a trip has occurred as shown in Figure 6-1 and Figure 6-3.

Trips are listed in section 6.2 Unidrive SP trip descriptions on page 36 and section 6.3 Commander SK trip descriptions on page 37 based on the trip indication shown on the drive display. Refer to Figure 6-1 for Unidrive SP and Figure 6-3 for Commander SK.

If a display is not used on the Unidrive SP, the drive LED Status indicator will flash if the drive has tripped. Refer to Figure 6-2.

The trip indication can be read in Pr 10.20 providing a trip number.

#### 6.1 Displaying the trip history

#### 6.1.1 Unidrive SP

The drive retains a log of the last 10 trips that have occurred in Pr 10.20 to Pr 10.29 and the corresponding time for each trip in Pr 10.43 to Pr 10.51. The time of the trip is recorded from the powered-up clock (if Pr 6.28 = 0) or from the run time clock (if Pr 6.28 = 1).

Pr 10.20 is the most recent trip, or the current trip if the drive is in a trip condition (with the time of the trip stored in Pr 10.43). Pr 10.29 is the oldest trip (with the time of the trip stored in Pr 10.51). Each time a new trip occurs, all the parameters move down one, such that the current trip (and time) is stored in Pr 10.20 (and Pr 10.43) and the oldest trip (and time) is lost from the bottom of the log.

If any parameter between Pr 10.20 and Pr 10.29 inclusive is read by serial communications, then the trip number in section 6.2 Unidrive SP trip descriptions on page 36 is the value transmitted.



#### Figure 6-1 Unidrive SP keypad status modes

Any trip can be initiated by writing the relevant trip number to Pr 10.38. If any trips shown as user trips are initiated the trip string is "txxx", where xxx is the trip number.

Trips can be reset after 1.0s if the cause of the trip has been rectified.

A full list of drive trips can be found in the Unidrive SP User Guide.

#### 6.1.2 Commander SK

The drive retains a log of the last 10 trips that have occurred in Pr 10.20 to Pr 10.29.

Pr 10.20 is the most recent trip, or the current trip if the drive is in a trip condition, and Pr 10.29 is the oldest trip. Each time a new trip occurs, all the parameters move down one, such that the current trip (and time) is stored in Pr 10.20 and the oldest trip is lost from the bottom of the loa.

If any parameter between Pr 10.20 and Pr 10.29 inclusive is read by serial communications, then the trip number in section 6.3 Commander SK trip descriptions on page 37 is the value transmitted.



Any trip can be initiated by writing the relevant trip number to Pr 10.38. If any trips shown as user trips are initiated the trip string is "t0xx", where xx is the trip number.

Trips can be reset after 1.0s if the cause of the trip has been rectified.

A full list of drive trips can be found in the Commander SK Advanced User Guide.

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## 6.2 Unidrive SP trip descriptions

Trip no.	String		Diagnosis
200, 205,	SLX.HF	Solution	ns Module hardware fault
210		Ensure 3	Solutions Module is fitted correctly
004 000	01 X 40		
201, 206,	SLX.tO	Solution	ns Module watchdog time-out
211		Press re	SEL a narrieta, contact the cupplice of the drive
		IT the trip	persists, contact the supplier of the drive
202, 207,	SLX.Er	Error de	etected with Solutions Module where X is the slot number
212		Pr x.50	Fault description
		0	No errors
		1	Digital outputs overloaded
		2	Digital inputs overloaded
		3	Analogue input trip (4-20.tr/20-4.tr). (Occurs when input is <3.0mA.)
		4	PELV user power supply absent
		74	Solutions Module over temperature (>100°C)
203, 208,	SLX.nF	Solution	ns Module has been removed
213		Ensure \$	Solutions Module is fitted correctly
		Save pa	rameters and reset drive
		Replace	Solutions Module
204, 209,	SLX.dF	Solution	ns Module fitted in slot X has changed
214		Save pa	rameters and reset
215	SL.rtd	Drive m	ode has changed and Solutions Module parameter
		routing	is now incorrect
		Press re	set
		If the trip	persists, contact the supplier of the drive

The 'PELV user power supply absent trip' will detect when the PELV user power supply connected to the module is below 19V. During power-up the PELV user power supply may not be present until after the main drive supply has been established. To avoid unwanted trips in this situation, the PELV user power supply trip detection system is disabled until after the supply has become active for the first time. Therefore, if the supply is applied and then removed again, a trip is initiated. The trip is also initiated at any time after drive power-up when the supply is not present and the drive becomes active (i.e. Pr **10.02** is one). This condition prevents the drive from operating whilst the PELV user power supply is not present. The status of the PELV user power supply can be monitored by using Pr **x.06** (0=inactive, 1=active).

#### **Commander SK trip descriptions** 6.3

6.3 (	Command	ler SK t	rip descriptions	н
Trip no.	String		Diagnosis	w to
200	SL.HF	Solution Ensure S Return S	ns Module hardware fault Solutions Module is fitted correctly Soltutions Module to supplier	use this guic
201	SL.tO	Solution Press re If the trip	as Module watchdog time-out set persists, contact the supplier of the drive	le Safety
202	SL.Er	Error de	tected with Solutions Module	Infor
		Pr x.50	Fault description	mati
		0	No errors	on
		1	Digital outputs overloaded	
		2	Digital inputs overloaded	
		3	Analogue input trip (4-20/20-4). (Occurs when input is <3.0mA.)	Intro
		4	PELV user power supply absent	oduct
		74	Solutions Module over temperature (>100°C)	tion
203	SL.nF	Solution	ns Module has been removed	
		Ensure S	Solutions Module is fitted correctly	a
		Replace	Solutions Module	Mo
204	SL.dF	Solution	ns Module fitted has changed	dule
		Power d	own and back up	
F	or further info	rmation on	the above trips see Menu 10 in the Commander SK	

For further information on the above trips, see Menu 10 in the Commander SK Advanced User Guide.

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# 7 Terminal specification

NOTE Digital inputs are positive logic only.

1 0V

2 +24V input	
Nominal voltage	+24V
Minimum operating voltage	+19V
Maximum operating voltage	+30V
Current consumption with outputs loaded	150mA @ 30V

NOTE The SM-I/O PELV +24V input has an in-built fuse to provide protection in case of a serious internal failure.

3	Digital I/O 1	
4	Digital I/O 2	
5	Digital I/O 3	
6	Digital I/O 4*	
Туре		Programmable positive logic digital input or output
Operati	ng as an input	
Absolute	e maximum voltage range	±30V
Load		>2mA @ 15Vdc
Input sw	vitching threshold	10V ±0.8V
Operati	ng as an output	
Maximu	m output current	40mA
Total of	all 4 outputs	40mA
Output	voltage when +24V input is 19V	16.5V
Output	voltage when +24V input is 30V	27V
Typical	input current @ 15V	2.8mA
Typical	input current @ 5V	0.9mA

Digital input 5/freeze input**	
Туре	Positive logic digital input
Absolute maximum voltage range	±30V
Load	>2mA @ 15Vdc
Input switching threshold	10V to ±0.8V
Typical input current @ 15V	2.8mA
Typical input current @ 5V	0.9mA

\*Digital input 4 only with Commander SK

\*\*Freeze input not available with Commander SK.

8 Analogue input 1 non-inve	rting input	1 3
• Analogue input 1 inverting	input	- 10
Type of input	Bipolar Voltage Input / Unipolar Differential Current Input (for single ended use, connect terminal 9 to terminal 11)	use this g
Parameter range	0-20, 20-0, 4-20.tr (4-20), 20-4.tr (20-4), 4-20 (4- .20), 20-4 (204), VOLt (VoLt)	ulde
Input impedance	100 $\Omega$ @ 20mA (Current Mode) / 20k $\Omega$ (Voltage Mode)	vare
Resolution	10 bit	
Scale accuracy	5% of full scale (Current Mode) / 5% Typical Gain Accuracy (Voltage Mode)	rormati
Maximum offset	±800μA / ±50mV typical	- n
Range	0 to 20mA (Current Mode) / ±10 (Voltage Mode)	1 -
Absolute maximum current	±70mA	] _
		nura

		_
		ntro
10 Analogue output 1		duct
Type of output	Unipolar current source	ion
Current range	0-20, 20-0, 4-20, 20-4 (mA)	
Maximum offset (0 $\Omega$ load)	±1mA typical	
Maximum output voltage for stated accuracy	12V	nsta
Maximum load resistance	600Ω	N
Resolution	12 bits	lodu
Scale accuracy	5%	e S

11 OV
-------

12 Analogue output 2		Pa
Type of output	Unipolar current source	ram
Current range	0-20, 20-0, 4-20, 20-4 (mA)	eters
Maximum offset (0Ω load)	±1mA typical	0,
Maximum output voltage for stated accuracy	12V	
Maximum load resistance	600Ω	
Resolution	12 bits	
Scale accuracy	5%	iagn
	-	ostic
12 01/		S

13 0V

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14	Relay 1 contact 1	Normally open contacts	
15	Relay 1 contact 2		
16	Relay 2 contact 1		
17	Relay 2 contact 2		
Contact	maximum current rating	2A AC 50V rms 6A DC 30V resistive load (1.5A DC 60V for UL requirement) 0.3A DC 50V inductive load (L/R = 40ms)	
Contact	minimum recommended rating	12V 100mA	



Provide fuse or other over-current protection in relay circuit.



The relay contacts give galvanic isolation from all other drive circuits and PELV isolation from the drive power circuits. They do not provide additional safety isolation from other PELV circuits on the Solutions Module.

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